

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

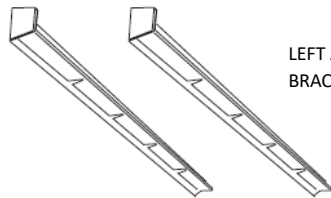
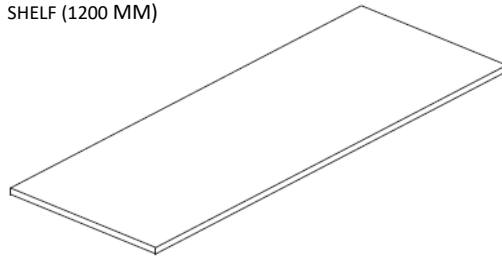
TOP SHELF



WATCH THE VID
SCAN QR >

PANEL & COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION

SHELF (1200 MM)



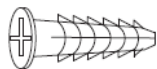
LEFT AND RIGHT SHELF BRACKETS



TOWER SCREWS

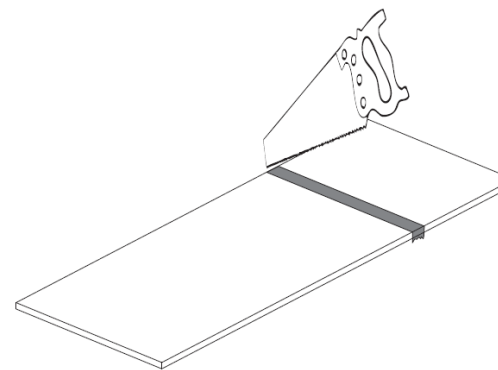
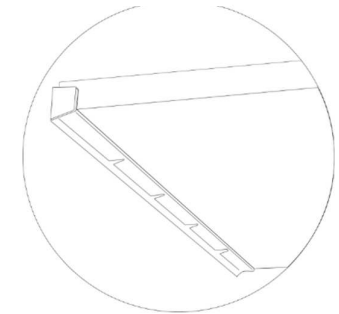
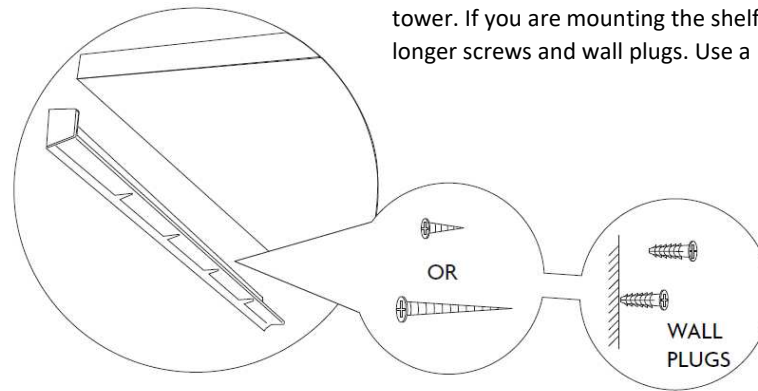


WALL SCREWS



WALL PLUGS

Mount a shelf bracket on the side of your tower using the shorter screws – install bracket 2mm down from the top edge of the tower, this will create a seamless finish with the shelf sitting flush with the tower. If you are mounting the shelf bracket to the wall then use the longer screws and wall plugs. Use a Level during this step.



Suggestion:

If you wish to adjust the width of a shelf, first measure and mark it. Place a strip of masking tape on both sides of the area you wish to cut, re-mark the required length and cut through the tape. When completed remove the tape to reveal a nice clean cut. We recommend a min 8pt saw for melamine.

1. Shelf Brackets are marked "L" and "R" for left/right and have a closed rim at the front and an open end at the back which is designed so the front rim stops the shelf falling forwards.
After your assembled tower has been secured to your wall, measure the width of space the top shelf is to be installed. As the shelf brackets are 6mm deep each, you will need to deduct **12mm** from this measurement to get your final top shelf length.
Example: If your wall-to-wall measurement is 1000mm wide, then you need to cut your top shelf 988mm wide.



2. Mark on your shelf where you need to cut. Tip: Use masking tape along the cut line. This will give the melamine board a cleaner finished edge. Cut the shelf using a saw. We recommend a minimum of an 8pt saw to cut melamine.



3. Place shelf in position with the shelf bracket, and pencil mark the position of the bracket (use a spirit level to ensure your shelf is level). Remove the shelf and re-align the shelf bracket with your pencil marks.
Use the shelf bracket as a template to mark out the holes for the screws.

**** TIP:** Shelf brackets need to be installed 2mm down from the top edge of the tower in order to create a seamless finish with the shelf sitting flush with the tower.



4. Install wall plugs where required (ie gibbed walls where studs are not available), and screw shelf bracket onto wall.

Lastly, Insert shelf into brackets.



5. **For Walk-In wardrobes using a corner**

For walk-in wardrobes where top shelves meet adjacently in a corner, you will require a **Corner Shelf Bracket**. Apply a **4mm** deduction where a corner shelf bracket is to be used. And a **6mm** deduction where a shelf bracket is to be used.

Once your top shelf is installed from the tower-to-wall (ie 'Shelf A' in example), slot the **Corner Shelf Bracket** on, push from underneath so it's flush with the underside of the top shelf and screw in place.

Next, measure from the **Corner Shelf Bracket** to the side of the tower on Wall B and cut shelf accordingly. Holding 'Shelf B' on an angle, slot into the Corner Shelf Bracket and lower down into the opposite Shelf Bracket.

Example: Walk-in wardrobe 1600mm x 1300mm - Layout as Pictured

Wall A: 1000mm tower-to-wall measurement, deduct 12mm for 2x shelf brackets. Cut shelf 988mm ('Shelf A').

Wall B: deduct measurement of adjacent shelf depending on which system you order will determine the depth of the shelf usually 300mm or 400mm. In this case our example is using a 400mm deep shelf. $700 - 400 = 300$ mm. Then deduct the shelf bracket (-6mm) and the Corner Shelf Bracket (-4mm). Cut shelf 290mm ('Shelf B').

IMPORTANT FOR WALK-INS: WHERE WE SAY "FITS UP TO 2400mm" – THIS CAN TAKE INTO ACCOUNT THE USE OF THE ADJACENT SHELF USING 400MM OF THAT WALL SPACE. IE – SHELF B WHEN JOINED ADJACENTLY WITH THE SHELF A, IT IS ABLE TO FIT A WALL THAT IS LONGER. PLAN WHERE YOU WILL INSTALL YOUR SHELVES BEFORE YOU CUT!

